

SSO & SAML Setup: Your Step-by-Step LMS Integration Audit

Use this audit to validate your LMS's SSO/SAML configuration end-to-end. Walk through each step before go-live to ensure seamless, secure access for your learners.

1. Confirm Identity Provider (IdP) Details

- a. Record IdP name, version, and endpoint URLs (SSO URL, SLO URL).
- b. Verify IdP metadata file (XML) is current.

2. Obtain Service Provider (SP) Metadata

- a. Export your LMS's SAML metadata (entityID, ACS URL, certificate).
- b. Ensure metadata file includes correct Assertion Consumer Service endpoints.

3. Validate Certificate & Encryption Settings

- a. Check SAML certificates for expiration dates.
- b. Confirm signing and encryption certificates match between IdP and LMS.

4. Configure Single Sign-On (SSO) URL & Binding

- a. Ensure SAML HTTP-POST (or Redirect) binding is correctly specified.
- b. Confirm SSO endpoint in LMS matches IdP configuration exactly.

5. Map SAML Attributes & Claims

- a. List required attributes (e.g., NameID, email, firstName, lastName, groups).
- b. Verify attribute names/formats match IdP claims and LMS field expectations.

6. Set Up Single Logout (SLO) (Optional but Recommended)

- a. Configure SLO endpoint and binding in both IdP and LMS.
- b. Test that logging out of one system terminates the session everywhere.

7. Define Session & Assertion Timeouts

- a. Confirm NotBefore and NotOnOrAfter validity windows in the SAML assertion.
- b. Align session timeout settings between IdP and LMS to avoid premature logouts.

8. Test User Provisioning via SAML (Just-in-Time)

- a. If you use JIT provisioning, attempt to log in with a new user.
- b. Verify that accounts are created with correct roles/groups based on SAML data.

9. Conduct Positive & Negative Login Tests

- a. Positive: Log in as a valid user, confirm redirection to LMS dashboard.
- b. Negative: Attempt login with invalid credentials or revoked account to ensure access is denied.

10. Audit Security & Compliance Logs

- a. Review SAML request/response logs for errors or warnings.
- b. Confirm that assertions are signed and, if required, encrypted.
- c. Archive logs per your organization's compliance policy.

Audit Completion: Tick off each item as you validate it. Any failed checks should be remediated before granting broad access to avoid user lockouts or security gaps.